Conservation Building Codes, get energy audit conducted by an accredited auditor, appoint energy manager, etc.

Pragati Power Project in Delhi

1966. SHRI BACHANI LEKHRAJ: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) whether 330 MW Combined Cycle Pragati Power Project has been laid in Delhi;

(b) whether it will use treated seweage waste, to be environment friendly;

(c) the other States in which such power plants have been set up;

(d) the particulars of such plants to be set up in the near future; and

(e) the number of such proposals pending with Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRIMATI JAYAWANTI MEHTA): (a) The Delhi Vidyut Board (DVB) have proposed to set up a 330 MW Combined Cycle Power Plant in Delhi. The Techno-economic clearance (TEC) for the project has been given on 10.2.2000.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Similar projects are already in operation in the States of Delhi, Haryana, Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan, Gujarat, Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Assam and Tripura.

(d) and (e) The particulars of such plants to be set up in near future, State-wise, and the proposals pending with the Government is given below:—

State	Name of the Project	Status
Rajasthan	1. Anta CCPP St. II (650 MW) —NTPC District Kota	TEC given on 19.8.1998
	2. Ramgarh CCPP St. II (71 MW) —RSEB District Jaisalmer	Under Examination

Uttar Pradesh	1. Auraiya CCPP St. II (650 MW) —NTPC District Auraiya	TEC given on 30.11.1998
Gujarat	1. Kawas CCGT St. II (650 MW), —NTCP District Surat.	TEC given on 19.8.1998
	2. Jhanor Gandhar CCGT St. II (650 MW)—NTPC —District Bharuch	TEC given on 12.11.1998
Tamil Nadu	1. Kovilkalappal CCPP (107.88 MW)—TNEB District Thiruvarur.	Under Examination.

Investment in Transmission and Distribution Projects

1967. SHRI VEDPRAKASH P. GOYAL: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that after a decade of liberalized regime both Government arid investors in the. power sector have concentrated on only generation projects while transmission and distribution projects awaited investements;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor;

(c) whether it is also a fact that privatisation of distribution is expected to reduce the distribution losses;

(d) if so, Government's reaction in this regard; and

(e) what are the plans to bring invesments in this sector and improve the situation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRIMATI JAYAWANTI MEHTA): (a) to (e) The lower investment in power transmission and distribution has primarily been on account of constraints in the availability of funds. The enactment of Electricity Law (Amendment) Act, 1998 (Act No. 22 of 1998) and the initiation of the reforms and restructuring in power sector, enabling investment from private sector in the field of transmission and distribution are expected to result in greater investment and efficiency in this area and in reduction of transmission and distribution losses in the States.